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### What is Charité?

- Largest university hospital in Europe:
  - ~3,200 beds in 107 clinics and institutes
  - ~127,000 inpatients, ~500,000 outpatients yearly
- 12,800 employees, including 4,000 scientists
- 7,500 students
- State-of-the-art business enterprise:
  - 1,100 million € annual budget, including
  - 331 million € for research and education



### What is Global Health?

USER INTERFACE	INFORMATION Internet / Interactive TV mobile / stationary				SENSOR DATA Body Area Networks Biochips, Nanotechnology		
SERVICE	Inter- connec- tivity for Healthc. Services	Services for the Citizens	Health- care at Home	Mobilit	y Management of Trauma, Emergency & Disaster	Health Early Warning for Env.Risk	e-Health Educa- tion
COMMUNICATION NETWORK	Satcom Wireless / Wired Local Access						



## Developments expected in 5-10 yrs (selection from 36 topics)\*

- Virtual Reality integral part of medical education & training
- Ambient Intelligence at home allows telemonitoring
- Implantable EPR chip
- Computer-assisted planning for Adaptive Radiation Therapy
- Speech control for daily routine in OR
- Expert systems for decision support
- Nursing robots

\*Source: "Future IT for Healthcare", May 2007, Fraunhofer ISI & ZEW

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### **Satellite-based Networks for Global Healthcare**

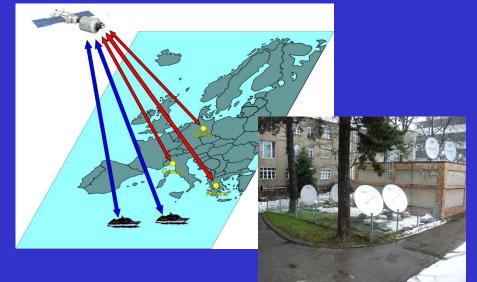
#### GALENOS

Generic Advanced Low-cost trans-European Network Over Satellite







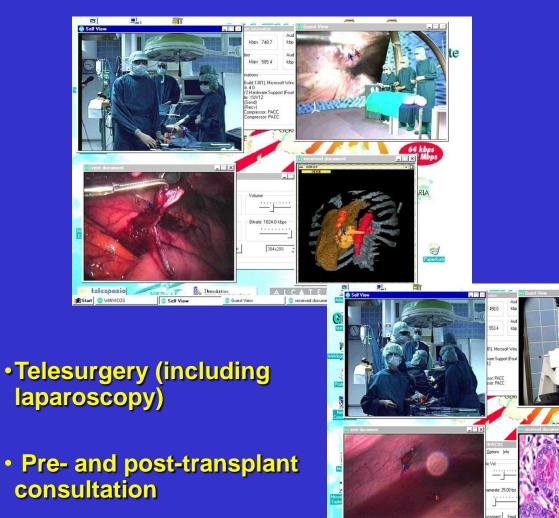






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### **Real Time Digital Medicine**



esa

Self View

l neceived document



64 kbp

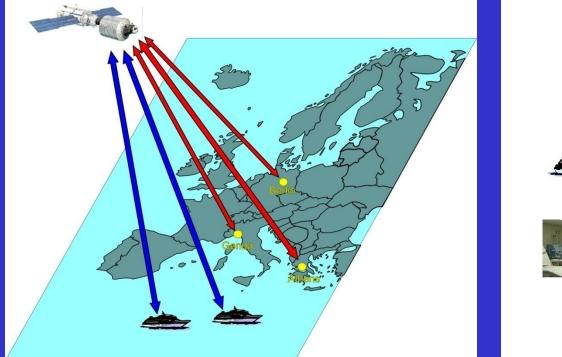
**OP 2000** 

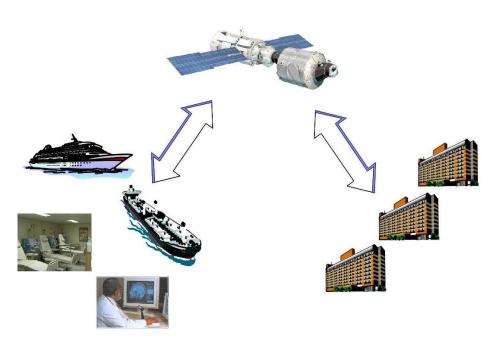
•General Teleconsultation for second opinioning

 Teleteaching, Teletraining & Tele-education



### **MEDASHIP Satellite Network**







### **Telemedical Applications in MEDASHIP**







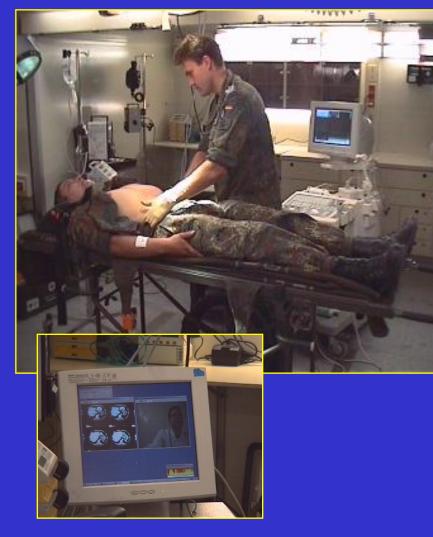


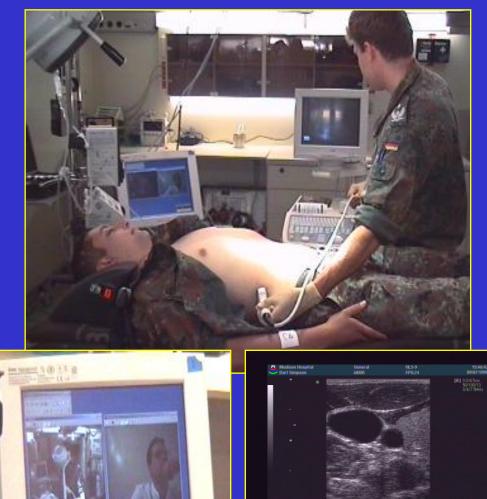






## Teleconsultation and Telesonography during triage







### e-Health for u-Health – real-time Telemedicine in VH

- provide the best possible patient care at any site
- optimal use of all available medical resources
- contribute towards standardised treatment protocols (disease management and evidence-based medicine)
- allow the wide use of interactive real-time telemedical services for medical e-learning
- contribute to bridge the quality gap in patient care:
  - between Centres of Excellence and middle-range and small medical centres;
  - between various regions of the world



### VH and Global u-Health

Simultaneous and synchronized access from local and remote

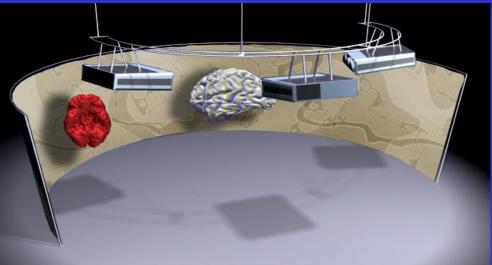
- collaborative access of patient data
- collaborative manipulation
- collaborative control



### **Digital Medical Education – Project 2020**

- Integration of Head tracking Systems for realistic stereoscopic view
- Use PHANToM as force feedback manipulator
- Use synchronized client abilities for driving medical CAVE Systems







### VH – Project 2020: Technology of Interacting and **Integration of Means**



**Surgical Oncological Working Place 2020** 

Centres

Source: MedSMART 2003



### **VH – Robotic Telepresence**



Source: InTouchHealth, USA



# Are all possible innovations in healthcare desirable?

- Implantable EPR-chip: 64 % say no!
- Nursing robots: 54 % say no!

Source: "Future IT for Healthcare", May 2007, Fraunhofer ISI & ZEW

⇒ users' acceptance is pivotal (professionals & patients/citizens)

 $\Rightarrow$  ICT: <u>optimisation</u> rather than <u>maximisation</u> !











### Global Health – Challenges & Opportunities

- Raising awareness and consolidation of the demand
- Development of economic models for sustainable services
- To move from curative to preservative medicine
- To account for ethical and privacy aspects o is health a human right or a social duty?

